

## 2006 - 2011 SAAESD PROGRAMMATIC PLAN

### Science Roadmap for Agriculture Challenge Areas & Objectives

#### SAAESD Priority Area for Multistate Research Activities (in bold)

1. We can ensure food safety and health through agricultural and food systems.

- Eliminate food borne illnesses.

**Food safety**

**Prevent transmission of human disease agents**

- Develop technologies to improve the nutritional value of food and create health-promoting foods.

**Value-added plant and animal genes in conventional breeding and molecular biology**

**Nutritional quality of plant and animal food products**

**Functional foods for enhancing health**

**Bio-based products (other than fuels)**

- Understand the behavioral dimensions (personal, consumption, and policy) that influence personal and family dietary and health decision-making to reduce public health issues, such as obesity.

**Food choices for optimum nutrition and individual health**

- Develop policy and strategies to address agro-security, bioterrorism, and invasive species to protect producers and consumers.

**Food security**

**Foreign animal diseases, particularly avian influenza and BSE**

**Agriculture-related social and consumer concerns**

2. We can provide the information and knowledge needed to further improve environmental stewardship.

- Develop better methods to protect the environment both on and beyond the farm from any negative impacts of agriculture through optimum use of cropping systems including agroforestry, phytoremediation, and site-specific management.

**Multiple uses of agricultural lands**

**Precision agriculture**

- Find alternative uses for the wastes generated by agriculture.

- Develop more environmentally friendly crop and livestock production systems that utilize sustainable weed, insect, and pathogen management strategies, along with feeding strategies that promote environmental stewardship.

**Environmentally benign agricultural operations**

**Nutrient management in agricultural systems**

**Integrated pest management systems, including biologically-based tactics**

- Develop better strategies, ecological and socioeconomic systems models and policy analysis to address soil, water, air and energy conservation, biodiversity, ecological services, recycling, and land use policies.

**Air, soil, and water resources conservation and enhancement**

**Natural resource and ecosystem management**

**Environmental policy and regulations**

3. We can improve the economic return to agricultural producers.

**Public policy & economics of agricultural production systems**  
**Economic and policy analysis of agricultural industrialization**

- Develop sustainable production systems that are profitable and protective of the environment, including finding ways to optimize the integration of crop and livestock production systems.

**Integrated and sustainable agricultural production systems**

- Develop strategies for integration of local, regional, national, and global food systems to maximize the benefits to both U.S. agriculture producers and consumers throughout the world.

**Competitiveness in international markets**

- Design improved decision support systems for risk-based management of farms, ranches, and forests/woodlots.

**Risk management and assessment in agricultural systems**

- Find ways to improve on strategies for community-supported food and fiber production systems.

4. We can strengthen our communities and families.

- Stimulate entrepreneurship and business development in rural communities and new forms of economic activity built around regional trade associations, rural cooperatives, and local production networks.

**Rural community development and revitalizing rural economies**

- Build coalitions among environmental, labor, and community development groups to facilitate democratic social change to ensure that families have access to food, health care, education, and welfare services

- Enhance the problem solving capacities of rural communities through leadership development

- Determine strategies to enhance the well-being of families and individuals.

**Prevention and treatment of diet-related diseases**

5. We can develop new and more competitive crop production practices and products and new uses for diverse crops and novel plant species.

**Value-added plant and animal genes in conventional breeding and molecular biology**  
**New plant and animal species for agricultural production**  
**Bio-based products (other than fuels)**  
**Bioenergy and alternative fuels from agricultural products**

- Conceive new markets for new plant products, and new uses for those crops.

- Develop technologies to improve processing efficiency of crop bioproducts.

**Plant and animal food and fiber processing systems**

- Support the development of marketing infrastructure for crop bioproducts.

- Improve crop biomass quantities, qualities and agricultural production efficiencies.

6. We can lessen the risks of local and global climatic change on food, fiber, and fuel production.

- Diminish the rate of long-term global climatic change by increasing the storage of carbon and nitrogen in soil, plants, and plant products.
- Create broad-based, comprehensive models to assess the socioeconomic impacts, risks, and opportunities associated with global climate change and extreme climate events on agriculture and natural resources.
- Integrate long-term weather forecasting, market infrastructures, and cropping and livestock management systems to rapidly optimize domestic food, fiber, and fuel production in response to global climatic changes.
- Minimize the effects of long-term global climatic changes on production of crops, livestock, forests, and other natural resource systems.

**Climate change and its affect on agriculture, forestry, and environmental systems**

7. We can develop new and more competitive animal production practices and products and new uses for animals.

**New plant and animal species for agricultural production**

**Bio-based products (other than fuels)**

**Plant and animal food and fiber processing systems**

- Develop innovative technologies for reducing the impact of animal agriculture on the environment.
- Enhance the value of food and other animal products for both the producer and consumer by using conventional and newly developed technologies that are socially and ethically acceptable.

**Value-added plant and animal genes in conventional breeding and molecular biology**

**Interrelationships of food animal health and human health**

**Agriculture-related social and consumer concerns**

- Develop new and enhanced technologies for the improved efficiency and welfare of animals that are processed for food.

**Health and well-being of food animals**

- Improve conventional technologies as well as developing new technologies to improve the efficiency of animal production.